

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT TACOMA

SAHRA AUBE,

Plaintiff,

v.

EQUIFAX CREDIT INFORMATION

SERVICES LLC et al.,

Defendant.

CASE NO. 3:22-cv-05165-BHS

**STIPULATED  
PROTECTIVE ORDER**

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file confidential information under seal.

1 2. “CONFIDENTIAL” MATERIAL

2 “Confidential” material shall include the following documents and tangible things  
3 produced or otherwise exchanged: personal financial information, personal medical records,  
4 documents containing personal identifying information, credit reports, internal business policies,  
5 internal business notes, business records relating to non-parties.

6 3. SCOPE

7 The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as  
8 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material; (2) all  
9 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony,  
10 conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.

11 However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in  
12 the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

13 4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

14 4.1 Basic Principles. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed  
15 or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,  
16 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to the  
17 categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential material  
18 must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures  
19 that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

20 4.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered  
21 by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any  
22 confidential material only to:

23 (a) the receiving party’s counsel of record in this action, as well as employees  
24 of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

25 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the  
26 receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties

1 agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney's Eyes Only and is so  
2 designated;

3 (c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this  
4 litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

5 (d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

6 (e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of  
7 confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service  
8 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately  
9 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

10 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is  
11 reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"  
12 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of  
13 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must  
14 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted  
15 under this agreement;

16 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a  
17 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

18 4.3 Filing Confidential Material. Before filing confidential material or discussing or  
19 referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party,  
20 in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to determine whether the designating party will  
21 remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion  
22 to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. During the meet and confer process, the  
23 designating party must identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential information at issue,  
24 and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with any objection to sealing  
25 the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and  
26 the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material

under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its information must satisfy the requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the party filing the motion to seal. Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal being denied, in accordance with the strong presumption of public access to the Court's files.

5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(b) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

(a) Information in documentary form: (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), the designating party must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains

1 confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,  
2 the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by making appropriate  
3 markings in the margins). Use of any information, documents, or portions of documents marked  
4 "Confidential," including all information derived therefrom, shall be restricted solely to the  
5 following persons, who agree to be bound by the terms of this Protective Order, unless additional  
6 persons are stipulated by counsel or authorized by the Court:

7           a.       Outside counsel of record for the parties, and the administrative staff of  
8 outside counsel's firms.

9           b.       In-house counsel for the parties, and the administrative staff for each in-  
10 house counsel.

11           c.       Any party to this action who is an individual, and every employee, director,  
12 officer, or manager of any party to this action who is not an individual, but only to the extent  
13 necessary to further the interest of the parties in this litigation.

14           d.       Independent consultants or expert witnesses (including partners, associates  
15 and employees of the firm which employs such consultant or expert) retained by a party or its  
16 attorneys for purposes of this litigation, but only to the extent necessary to further the interest of  
17 the parties in this litigation.

18           e.       The Jury, and the Court and its personnel, including, but not limited to,  
19 stenographic reporters regularly employed by the Court and stenographic reporters not regularly  
20 employed by the Court who are engaged by the Court or the parties during the litigation of this  
21 action,

22           f.       The authors and the original recipients of the documents.

23           g.       Any court reporter or videographer reporting a deposition.

24           h.       Employees of copy services, microfilming or database services, trial  
25 support firms and/or translators who are engaged by the parties during the litigation of this action.

1 (b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: the parties  
 2 and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other pretrial  
 3 proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony  
 4 after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within thirty days after receiving the  
 5 transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the transcript, or  
 6 exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect confidential information  
 7 at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

8 (c) Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent place  
 9 on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word  
 10 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,  
 11 the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

12 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
 13 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party’s  
 14 right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a  
 15 designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated  
 16 in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

## 17 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

18 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of  
 19 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party’s confidentiality  
 20 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic  
 21 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to  
 22 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the  
 23 original designation is disclosed.

24 6.2 Meet and Confer. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute  
 25 regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding confidential  
 26 designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration

or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to maintain the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

#### 7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that party must:

(a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

#### 8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving

1 party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures,  
2 (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the  
3 person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement,  
4 and (d) request that such person or persons execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be  
5 Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

6 9. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED  
7 MATERIAL

8 When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently  
9 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the  
10 receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision  
11 is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or  
12 agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties agree to the  
13 entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.

14 10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

15 Within 30 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving  
16 party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and  
17 summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction.

18 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all  
19 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,  
20 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work  
21 product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

22 The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a  
23 designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

24 11. Nothing in this Protective Order shall prejudice any party from seeking amendments to  
25 expand or restrict the rights of access to and use of confidential information, or other modifications,  
26 subject to order by the Court. The restrictions on disclosure and use of confidential information



1 shall survive the conclusion of this action and this Court shall retain jurisdiction of this action after  
2 its conclusion for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Protective Order.

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6 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

7 DATED: March 16, 2023 s/ Eliyahu Babad  
8 *Attorneys for Plaintiff*

9 DATED: March 16, 2023 s/ Sydney O. Burden  
10 *Attorneys for Defendant Trans Union, LLC*

11 DATED: March 16, 2023 s/ Garrett Garfield  
12 *Attorneys for Defendant Hyundai Capital America*

13 DATED: March 16, 2023 s/ Angela M. Taylor  
14 *Attorneys for Defendant Experian Information Solutions, Inc.*

15 DATED: March 16, 2023 s/ Jeffrey M. Edelson  
16 *Attorneys for Defendant Equifax Credit Information Services LLC*

17 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED

18 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any  
19 documents in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or  
20 state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those  
21 documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other  
22 privilege or protection recognized by law.

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1 DATED this 16th day of March, 2023.

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5 BENJAMIN H. SETTLE  
6 United States District Judge  
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EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of  
\_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of  
perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was  
issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on [date] in the  
case of *Aube v. Equifax Information Services, LLC et al.*, 3:22-cv-05165-BHS. I agree to comply  
with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and  
acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature  
of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item  
that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance  
with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the  
Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective  
Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State where sworn and signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Printed name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_